CS 2334: Programming Structures and Abstractions
Final Exam
December 13, 2016

General instructions:

- Please wait to open this exam booklet until you are told to do so.
- This examination booklet has 24 pages. You also have been issued a bubble sheet.
- Fill in the identifying information below (signature, name, ID and date) Also, write your name and ID number on your bubble sheet, and fill in the bubbles for your ID.
- You may have up to five pages of your own notes. No electronic devices or books may be used.
- The exam is worth a total of 274 points. Your grade counts for 20% of your final grade.
- You have 2 hours to complete the exam. Be a smart test taker: if you get stuck on one problem go on to the next.
- Use your bubble sheet to answer all multiple-choice questions. Make sure that the question number and the bubble row number match. Note that some ethics questions require written answers. And - note that the last question is a multiple choice question. Please use the given question number for your bubble-sheet answer.
- Other than this page, you may tear any other page out of this booklet that does not contain numbered answers.
- If you cannot effectively erase erroneous answers from the bubble sheet, please clearly cross them out.

On my honor, I affirm that I have neither given nor received inappropriate aid in the completion of this exam.

Signature: ____________________________ Name: ____________________________
ID Number: __________________________ Date: ____________________________

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question</th>
<th>Points</th>
<th>Score</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Objects and Inheritance</td>
<td>28</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abstract Classes and Interfaces</td>
<td>20</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exceptions and Error Handling</td>
<td>39</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Generics</td>
<td>18</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Java Collections Framework</td>
<td>24</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enumerated Data Types</td>
<td>14</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graphical User Interfaces and Graphics</td>
<td>28</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recursion</td>
<td>43</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethics</td>
<td>60</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bonus Question</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>274</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Part I. Objects and Inheritance
Consider the following class definitions:

```java
public class A {
    private int id;
    public A(int id) {
        this.id = id;
    }
    public int getId() {
        return id;
    }
    public String toString() {
        return "A: " + id;
    }
}

public class B extends A {
    private String name;
    public B(int id, String name) {
        super(id);
        this.name = name;
    }
    public String getName() {
        return name;
    }
    public String toString() {
        return "B: " + name + this.getId();
    }
}

public class C extends B {
    private int id;
    public C(int val, String name) {
        super(10, name);
        this.id = val;
    }
    public C(String name, int id) {
        super(id, name.toUpperCase());
        this.id = -1;
    }
    public int getId() {
        return id;
    }
    public String toString() {
        return "C: " + super.getId() + ":" + super.toString();
    }
}
```
1. (6 points) What is printed by this block of code?

```
A a = new A(56);
System.out.println(a);
```

A. A: 1 B. A: -1 C. A: 10 D. A: 56 E. Answer not shown

2. (6 points) What is printed by this block of code?

```
B b = new B(77, "Chico");
System.out.println(b);
```

A. A: Chico: 77 B. B: 77 C. B: Chico: 10 D. B: Chico77 E. Answer not shown

3. (6 points) What is printed by this block of code?

```
C c1 = new C("Harpo", 23);
System.out.println(c1);
```


4. (6 points) What is printed by this block of code?

```
C c2 = new C(55, "Zeppo");
System.out.println(c2);
```


5. (4 points) What is printed by this block of code?

```
String s1 = "thx";
String s2 = "tHx";
s2.toLowerCase();
if(s1.equals(s2)) {
  System.out.println("Yes: "+s1);
} else {
  System.out.println("No: "+s2);
}
```

A. No: thx B. No: tHx C. Yes: thx D. Yes: tHx E. Compilation error or answer not shown
Part II. Abstract Classes and Interfaces

6. (4 points) An interface can best be described as what type of relationship?
   A. Contains-a   B. Has-a   C. Implements-a   D. Is-a   E. Answer not shown

7. (4 points) Not considering external factors, any interface could be implemented instead as an abstract class.
   A. True   B. False

8. (4 points) Any concrete class that implements an interface must provide implementations for all of the interface’s abstract methods.
   A. True   B. False

9. (4 points) Will the following class compile as-is?
   ```java
   public class KeyHandler extends MouseAdapter implements MouseListener {
   }
   ```
   A. Yes   B. No

10. (4 points) Will the following interface compile?
    ```java
    public interface Foo {
        abstract int a;
        abstract int compute(int input);
        abstract int doubleValue();
    }
    ```
    A. Yes   B. No
Part III. Exceptions and Error Handling

Consider the following program:

```java
public class Transform {
    public static int trans2(int i) {
        if (i > 10) {
            throw new ArithmeticException("Error 1");
        } else {
            if (i < 5) {
                return i + 1;
            } else {
                throw new IllegalStateException("Error 2");
            }
        }
    }

    public static int trans1(int input) {
        int i = 0;
        try {
            if (trans2(input / 2) > 3) {
                return i;
            } else {
                throw new IllegalStateException("Error 3");
            }
        } catch (ArithmeticException e) {
            return input;
        }
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int i = ???;
        try {
            System.out.println(trans1(i));
        } catch (Exception e) {
            System.out.println(e.getMessage());
        }
    }
}
```

11. (6 points) Assume that \( i = 5 \) in main(), what is printed by the program?
   A. 0   B. 3   C. Error 1   D. Error 2   E. Error 3   F. Answer not shown

12. (6 points) Assume that \( i = 20 \) in main(), what is printed by the program?
   A. 0   B. 3   C. Error 1   D. Error 2   E. Error 3   F. Answer not shown
13. (6 points) Assume that \( i = 27 \) in main(), what is printed by the program?
   A. 0  B. 3  C. Error 1  D. Error 2  E. Error 3  F. Answer not shown

14. (6 points) Assume that \( i = 9 \) in main(), what is printed by the program?
   A. 0  B. 3  C. Error 1  D. Error 2  E. Error 3  F. Answer not shown

15. (6 points) Assume that \( i = 10 \) in main(), what is printed by the program?
   A. 0  B. 3  C. Error 1  D. Error 2  E. Error 3  F. Answer not shown

Consider the following method prototype:

```java
public void loadData(String fileName) throws IOException { ... }
```

16. (4 points) A method that calls `loadData()` must catch `IOException`
   A. True  B. False

17. (5 points) What is printed by this block of code?

   ```java
   Integer[] a = {3, 78, 5, 3, 22, 18, 4, 2};
   HashSet<Integer> b = new HashSet<Integer>();
   Collections.addAll(b, a);  // Add contents of a to b
   b.addAll(b);
   System.out.println(b.size());
   ```
   A. 0  B. 7  C. 8  D. 9  E. Answer not shown
Part IV. Generics

18. (4 points) What is true about the following class definition?

```
public class MySet<V extends Number> extends TreeSet<V>
    implements Comparable<Set<V>> {}
```

A. MySet is-a TreeSet < V >
B. MySet is-a Comparable < Set < V >>
C. MySet is-a Number
D. MySet has-a Number
E. Answer not shown

19. (4 points) Will the following code compile?

```
public class Bar<E extends Comparator<E>> implements Comparable<E>
{
    private E e;

    public int compareTo(E e)
    {
        return e.compare(e, this.e);
    }
}
```

A. Yes  B. No
20. (5 points) Which line of code in the main method causes a compiler error first?

```
public abstract class Mammal{}
public class Canine extends Mammal{}
public class Feline extends Mammal{}

public static void main(String[] args)
{
    TreeSet<Mammal> set = new TreeSet<Mammal>();
    set.add(new Canine());
    set.add(new Feline());
    set.add(new Mammal());
}
```

A. Line 7  B. Line 9  C. Line 10  D. Line 11  E. All lines will compile

21. (5 points) Suppose that we would like to implement a method that will take as input any Set that is parametrized by a subclass of Mammal. What would the method prototype be?

A. public static void processSet(Set set)

B. public static void processSet(Set<? set)

C. public static void processSet(Set<? implements Mammal> set)

D. public static void processSet(Set<? extends Mammal> set)

E. None of the implementations are correct
Part V. Java Collections Framework

22. (6 points) What is printed by this block of code?

```java
HashMap<String, String> map = new HashMap<String, String>();
map.put("cl", "oth");
map.put("em", "per");
map.put("es", "bot");
map.put("no", "cl");
map.put("or", "has");
map.put("the", "em");
map.put("oth", "es");
map.put("has", "no");
map.put("per", "or");

String s = "";
for(String key = "the"; map.containsKey(key); key = map.get(key))
{
    s += key;
}
System.out.println(s.substring(19, 22));
```

A. clo  B. emp  C. lot  D. the  E. Answer not shown

23. (4 points) Which Java Collections Framework class provides an unordered collection of objects that contains no duplicates?
   A. ArrayList  B. HashSet  C. Queue  D. TreeSet  E. Answer not shown

24. (4 points) Consider a `LinkedList<Integer>` object instance that currently contains n items. How many reference copies are performed by `list.add(42)`?
   A. 0  B. 1  C. n/2  D. n  E. Answer not shown

25. (4 points) Consider a `LinkedList<Integer>` object instance that currently contains n items. How many reference copies are performed by `list.add(0, 42)`?
   A. 0  B. 1  C. n/2  D. n  E. Answer not shown
26. (6 points) What does the following code block print?

```java
TreeMap<String, Boolean> map = new TreeMap<String, Boolean>();

map.put("Ham", false);
map.put("And", false);
map.put("I", true);
map.put("Eggs", false);
map.put("Am", true);
map.put("Green", false);
map.put("Sam", true);

String out = "";

for (String s: map.navigableKeySet())
{
    if (map.get(s)) {
        out = s + " " + out;
    }
}

System.out.println(out);
```

A. Sam I Am   B. Am I Sam   C. Ham And I Eggs Am Green Sam   
D. Sam Green Am Eggs I And Ham   E. Answer not shown
Part VI. Enumerated Data Types
Consider the following class definition:

```java
public enum ProcessState
{
    NEW(), RUNNING(), TERMINATED(), READY();

private ProcessState next;

static {
    RUNNING.next = TERMINATED;
    READY.next = RUNNING;
    TERMINATED.next = TERMINATED;
    NEW.next = READY;
}

public ProcessState getNext()
{
    return next;
}

public static void main(String[] args)
{
    ProcessState state = ProcessState.NEW;
    while (*** CONDITION ***) {
        System.out.print(state.name() + " ");
        state = state.getNext();
    }
}
```

27. (4 points) What is the correct condition for line 24 if this loop is to end when the TERMINATED state is reached?

A. `state != 2`

B. `!state.equal("TERMINATED");`

C. `state != "TERMINATED"`

D. `state != ProcessState.TERMINATED`

E. None of the implementations are correct
28. (6 points) Assuming that the condition is properly implemented, what is printed by the loop in the main() method?
   A. NEW RUNNING READY
   B. NEW READY RUNNING
   C. NEW READY RUNNING TERMINATED
   D. NEW RUNNING TERMINATED READY
   E. Answer not shown

29. (4 points) Would it be appropriate to use an enumerated data type to represent red-green-blue colors?
   A. Yes    B. No
Consider the following program:

```java
public class PolyFrame extends JFrame {
    public class PolyPanel extends JPanel {
        private Polygon p;
        private boolean fill;

        public PolyPanel() {
            p = new Polygon();
            fill = true;
            p.addPoint(100, 100);
            p.addPoint(100, 200);
            p.addPoint(150, 200);
            p.addPoint(150, 150);
            addMouseListener(new MouseAdapter() {
                public void mouseClicked(MouseEvent e) {
                    if (p.contains(e.getX(), e.getY())) {
                        System.out.println("Inside");
                    } else {
                        System.out.println("Outside");
                    }
                }
            });
            this.addKeyListener(new KeyAdapter() {
                public void keyTyped(KeyEvent e) {
                    if (e.getKeyChar() == ' ')
                        fill = !fill;
                }
            });
            this.setFocusable(true);
            this.requestFocus();
        }

        protected void paintComponent(Graphics g) {
            super.paintComponent(g);
            Graphics2D g2 = (Graphics2D) g;
            g2.setColor(new Color(0, 200, 0));
            if (fill) {
                g2.fill(p);
            } else {
                g2.draw(p);
            }
        }
    }

    public PolyFrame() {
        super("Poly Frame");
       setLayout(new BorderLayout());
        PolyPanel panel = new PolyPanel();
        add(panel, BorderLayout.CENTER);
        setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        setSize(400, 400);
        setVisible(true);
    }
}
```

public static void main(String[] args) { PolyFrame frame = new PolyFrame(); }
```
30. (6 points) When the program first starts, what is displayed?

E. Answer not shown

31. (4 points) What color is the Polygon?
   A. Green  B. Red  C. Blue  D. Cyan  E. Answer not shown

32. (6 points) Suppose that the user clicks at coordinate $x = 170, y = 120$. What is printed to the console?
   A. Inside  B. Outside  C. Nothing

33. (6 points) Suppose that the user clicks at coordinate $x = 145, y = 180$. What is printed to the console?
   A. Inside  B. Outside  C. Nothing
34. (6 points) After a user presses the SPACE key three times, what is displayed?

A.  

B.  

C.  

D.  

E. Answer not shown
Part VIII. Recursion

Consider the following method that implements a merge sort of ints:

```java
public static int[] sort(int[] list)
{
    if(list.length <= 1) // Best condition to use for line 3
    {
        return list;
    }
    int[] list1 = new int[list.length / 2];
    int[] list2 = new int[list.length / 2];
    for(int i = 0; i < list1.length; ++i)
    {
        list1[i] = list[i];
        list2[i] = list[i];
    }
    list2[list2.length - 1] = list[list.length - 1];
    return merge(sort(list1), sort(list2));
}
```

35. (5 points) What is the best condition to use for line 3?
   A. list.length == 0   B. list.length == 1   C. list.length <= 1
   D. list.length <= 2   E. Answer not shown

36. (5 points) What is the appropriate length for list2 (line 9)?
   A. list.length   B. list.length/2   C. list.length/2 + 1
   D. (list.length + 1)/2   E. Answer not shown

37. (5 points) What is the appropriate index on line 14?
   A. i   B. i + list.length   C. i + list1.length
   D. i + list2.length   E. Answer not shown

38. (4 points) Is this algorithm an appropriate use of recursion?
   A. Yes   B. No
Consider the following class definition:

```java
class Node extends ArrayList<Node> {
    private int val;

    Node() {
        val = Integer.MAX_VALUE;
    }

    public int find() {
        if (val < Integer.MAX_VALUE) {
            return val;
        }

        for (Node n: this) {
            int newVal = n.find() + 1;
            if (newVal < val) {
                val = newVal;
            }
        }

        return val;
    }

    public void setVal(int val) {
        this.val = val;
    }
}
```

39. (6 points) What is printed by this block of code?

```java
Node n1 = new Node();
Node n2 = new Node();
n2.setVal(0);
System.out.println(n1.find());
```

A. 0  B. 1  C. 2  D. 2147483647 (MAX_VALUE)  
E. Answer not shown

40. (6 points) What is printed by this block of code?

```java
Node n1 = new Node();
Node n2 = new Node();
n1.add(n2);
n2.setVal(0);
System.out.println(n1.find());
```

A. 0  B. 1  C. 2  D. 2147483647 (MAX_VALUE)  
E. Answer not shown
41. (6 points) What is printed by this block of code?

```java
Node n1 = new Node();
Node n2 = new Node();
Node n3 = new Node();
n3.setVal(0);
n1.add(n2);
n1.add(n3);
n2.add(n3);
System.out.println(n1.find());
```

A. 0  B. 1  C. 2  D. 2147483647 (MAX_VALUE)
E. Answer not shown

42. (6 points) What is printed by this block of code?

```java
Node n1 = new Node();
Node n2 = new Node();
Node n3 = new Node();
Node n4 = new Node();
n3.setVal(0);
n1.add(n2);
n2.add(n3);
n2.add(n4);
n4.add(n3);
System.out.println(n1.find());
```

A. 0  B. 1  C. 2  D. 2147483647 (MAX_VALUE)
E. Answer not shown
Part IX. Ethics

This year, the Washington D.C. police department initiated a security camera program in which the department would provide security cameras and recording systems (in the form of rebates) to residents of the city. The residents may choose to install the cameras anywhere on their premises and have full access to the footage. In addition, these cameras are registered with the police department and footage can be requested by the department if it is relevant to the investigation of a crime.

43. (4 points) In what sense do residents \textit{opt-in} to the program?

44. (5 points) List two ways in which residents do not \textit{opt-in} to the release of footage and yet may be affected by it.
45. (5 points) Provide an argument in favor of the program. Support with the appropriate ethical principle(s).

46. (5 points) Provide an argument against the program. Support with the appropriate ethical principle(s).

47. (5 points) Suppose Washington P.D. does not have direct access to the video footage: in order to obtain the footage, they must do so with permission of the resident or by warrant. Does this address our above concerns?
The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) is intended as a key step in protecting the privacy and security of the medical data of individuals. In particular, the privacy rule dictates that certain medical data are protected, including information placed in your medical record by health care providers. This rule also dictates that information from your medical record can only be transmitted to certain other entities, including those directly involved in your care and those that are indicated by you. In addition, this rule gives you the right to inspect your own records. The security rule dictates that entities managing your data must take a range of precautions to ensure that your data are not accessed inappropriately. These include physical access control (computers containing or having access to your data are physically secured), digital access control (appropriate authentication steps) and transmission security (data cannot be “snooped” from the network).

48. (5 points) List and explain the recent changes in the computing world that have driven (in part) the need for these rules.

49. (5 points) List and explain the ethical principles that relate to these rules.
50. (5 points) Suppose that you are a software developer designing a browser-based interface that allows users to access the medical data that have been collected by your company. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of using cookies to manage the interaction with the customer (from both the company and user perspectives).

51. (5 points) As a member of the software team, suppose that you have discovered a bug in the code that manipulates the patient data in an incorrect way. List and discuss the ethical principles that compel you to address this bug. List at least two.
As part of a commercial software project, Bob uses Qt, an open source graphical user interface tool kit. This library makes it easy for him to write code that can be ported reliably across platforms. Assume that Qt is released under a GNU Public License.

52. (5 points) What factors must Bob consider in deciding whether to use this library without making changes to the library’s code?

53. (5 points) Suppose that Bob now makes changes to the Qt code base so that it will work well for his project. What additional factors must he consider?

54. (6 points) What would be the closest Creative Commons license configuration to the Gnu Public License? What differences remain?
Part X. Bonus Question

55. (0 points) Select whether you want 2 points or 6 points added onto your final exam grade. If more than 10% of the class selects 6 points, then no one will receive any bonus points. Otherwise, everyone will receive the points that they select.

A. 0   B. 2   C. 6